

Progression in Reading Skills



		WORD	CENTRAL WILLIAM		
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Blend new words to read new	Read Phase 6 sounds	Read aloud a range of text	Read aloud a range of text	Decode most words, ambitious	Apply knowledge of a wider
words I know		types fluently and understand	types fluently and understand	words and phrases in context	range of root words, suffixe
	Read aloud using expression	the meaning of new words using	the meaning of new words using	using knowledge of root words,	and prefixes to understand
Read words with more than 1		my knowledge of root words,	my knowledge of root words,	prefixes and suffixes	new words and read aloud
syllable	Self-correct when reading	prefixes and suffixes	prefixes and suffixes		effectively.
	aloud			Read aloud with appropriate	
Read contractions		Can independently perform	Use knowledge of the alphabet	intonation, tone and volume	Apply word reading skills to
	Blend alternative sounds for	poems, stories and play scripts	to locate information e.g.		read challenging texts in ar
Read words ending is -s, -es, -	graphemes	using some intonation, tone,	glossary, index etc	Read at least 75% of the Year	articulate and fluent manne
ing, -ed, -er, -est		volume and action		5/6 common exception words	
	Read words with 2 or more		Perform poems, stories and		Read all of the Year 5/6/
Read books which include Phase	syllables that contain Phase 6	Can read 75% of the Year 3/4	play scripts using intonation,	Read aloud with pace, fluency	common exception words.
5 phonics that have been	graphemes	common exception words	tone and volume and using a	and expression, taking in to	
taught			range of approaches to aid	account a wide range of	Read aloud fluently and
0.15	Read words with almost all	Independently use a dictionary	understanding.	presentational devices and	effortlessly a wide variety o
Self-correct if reading does	common suffixes (e.g.	to check for the meaning of	5 1 11 6 11 14 6 14	punctuation.	texts
not make sense	enjoyment, sadness, careful,	words encountered in reading.	Read all of the Year 3/4		
	hopeless, badly)		common exception words.		
Read all of the Phase 5 common	5 1 16 11	Can read aloud with speed,			
exception words	Read most familiar words	fluency, accuracy and	Can read aloud with speed,		
	quickly and accurately.	enthusiasm for age-	fluency, accuracy and		
	Read all of the Phase 6 common	appropriate texts	enthusiasm for age-		
	exception words		appropriate texts		
	exception words				
	Read all of the Year 2 common				
	exception words				
	exception words	VOCABUI	(ARV (2a)		
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Recognise vocabulary	Recognise simple recurring	Identify patterns in language,	Identify and generate words	Identify figurative language	Identify words and phrases
associated with different	literary language in stories and	e.g. repetition, rhyme,	with similar and opposite	devices	that create a particular moo
genres provided by the	poems e.g. repetition	alliteration	meanings	devices	feeling or attitude including
teacher	poems e.g. repermon	am er a ron	meanings	Apply their growing knowledge	figurative language
reaction	Discuss and clarify the	Discuss and clarify the	Apply their growing knowledge	of grammar, morphology and	rigar arrive language
Discuss word meanings, linking	meanings of new words, linking	meanings of new words, linking	of root words, prefixes and	etymology to understand the	Apply their growing knowled
new meanings to those already	new meanings to known	new meanings to known	suffixes to understand the	meaning of new words that	of grammar, morphology an
known	vocabulary	vocabulary	meaning of new words they	they meet in context	etymology to understand th
MICHI	vocabular y	vocabular y	meet	me, meer m context	meaning of new words that
	Nigeria de sia ferramita menda	Begin to use a range of skills	1,,501	Discuss how language	they meet in context
Recognise and join in with	L DISCUSS THEIR TAVALIRITE WARDS	DEGIN TO USE O CONCE OF SKIPS			
Recognise and join in with predictable phrases	Discuss their favourite words and phrases from the text	(such as morphology and word	Explain the meaning of words	contributes to the overall	mey meer in context

Speculate about the possible meanings of unfamiliar words met in reading		meaning of unknown words to help place them in to context Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination	Begin to discuss language to extend their interest in the meaning and origin of words Begin to use dictionaries to check the meaning of words they have read Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination, giving reasons for their choices	Check the plausibility and accuracy of their explanation or inference of unknown word meaning.	Explain how words and phrases create a particular mood, feeling or attitude Determines the meaning of new words by applying knowledge of the root words, prefixes and suffixes Demonstrates a positive attitude to reading frequently reading for pleasure. Check the plausibility and accuracy of their explanation or inference of unknown word meaning.
		RETRIE	VAL (2b)		
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Answer simple questions about characters, settings and key events in a story Retrieves key information from a text Answer simple questions / find information in response to a direct, literal question	Answer questions about characters, settings and key events in a story Answer retrieval questions about key information in a non-fiction text Scan text to find given words and phrases Ask relevant questions about a story or non-fiction text Locate specific information on a given page in response to a question	Find and select the word/s in a section of a text to answer retrieval questions Skim and scan to identify and use headings and sections in books (glossaries, indexes, contents) to retrieve information Generate retrieval questions for a section of fiction or non-fiction texts which are relevant Retrieve and record information from non- fiction Use text marking to support retrieval or information or ideas from texts	Find and select words and phrases to answer retrieval questions from different sections of unknown texts Scan different sections of unknown texts (fiction and non-fiction) to find missing information Generate retrieval questions for a section of fiction or non-fiction texts which are relevant Retrieve and record information from both fiction and non-fiction Locate information quickly and effectively from a range of sources	Find and select words and phrases from across a whole text to answer retrieval questions Scan different texts to find evidence to support answers to questions Speed read or skim the text to gain the gist or main idea Ask relevant retrieval questions which explore the detail of a text or which require comparison across fiction and non-fiction Appraise a text quickly and effectively	Find, select and combine relevant words and phrases from more than one text/source to support answers to retrieval questions Appropriately select and apply skimming and scanning skills to a range of other texts across the curriculum Generate retrieval questions relevant to different sections of a nonfiction text Ask relevant retrieval questions about different sections of a read Appraise a text quickly, deciding on its value, quality or usefulness

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					Use quotations and text references to support idea and arguments
		SEQUENCE & SU	JMMARISE (2c)		
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Sequence pictures for the beginning, middle and end of a story that has been read to them. Identify and discuss the setting and names of the characters in a story. Can discuss main events in a story Appreciate rhymes and poems and recite some by heart	Sequence events from a story, explaining reasons for choices Explain and discuss the key information from what is seen or read. Discuss the order of events in books and explain how the information is related Recount the main events in a wide range of age-appropriate stories, fairy tales and traditional tales Develop understanding of books that are structured in different ways	Sequence pictures or texts from a story or non-fiction text that has been read to them, justifying reasons for their choices. Retell a wide range of stories orally using actions and visual clues Summarise orally and in writing the main points from a paragraph using a wider range of prompts Identify main ideas drawn from one paragraph and summarise these (fiction and non-fiction) Understand the distinction between fact and fiction	Show understanding of the text by sequencing a selection of unknown text so they make sense as a whole. Retell a wide range of texts orally in a balanced and clear way Summarise orally and in writing the main points from several paragraphs or sections of a text Make brief summaries at regular intervals when reading.	Sequence sections/outlines of unknown texts based upon knowledge of genre features Identify the main ideas from several paragraphs and provide key additional information from a section of the text to support this Summarise what is known about a character, event or topic, explain any inferences and opinions by reference to the text. Summarise & present a familiar story using own words	Manipulate sections of storie to create and explore more complex narratives e.g. dual narration, flashbacks Identify the main idea from across several paragraphs or sections of the text and provide key additional information from the text to support this Make regular, brief summarie of what has been read, linking these to previous predictions Secure skimming & scanning skills so that research is fast and effective Use what is read selectively t present relevant information to an audience Summarise & present a familia story using own words
W7		INFERE			
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
To begin to make simple inferences	To make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done.	To ask and answer questions appropriately including some simple inference questions	To draw inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives that justifies	To draw inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives and justifying with	To consider different account of the same event and to discuss viewpoints (both of
Link what they are reading to their own experience.	Can demonstrate sympathy with characters looking at	based on characters' feelings, thoughts and motives.	their actions, supporting their views with evidence from the text.	evidence. Infer messages, moods,	authors and of fictional characters).
Explore characters through role play and drama Make inferences from what a	descriptions & actions. Selects the appropriate text to answer a question and	Identify and discuss main characters, evaluate their behaviour and justify views, making links with their own	Begin to distinguish between fact and opinion.	feelings and attitudes across a text - referring to different points where information has been implied.	Evaluate relationships between characters (behaviours / reactions to each other) and explore the writer's viewpoin
character does or says	begins to use evidence from the text to identify the main	experiences	Can summarise how a setting affects characters'	Link what they read to what	of characters.

they know (prior knowledge &

point(s)

To predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far	To predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far in a text.	To justify predictions using evidence from the text. Indicate the strength or	To justify predictions from details stated and implied. Predict what might happen	To make predictions based on details stated and implied, justifying them in detail with evidence from the text.	Use clear quotations and textual references to support ideas, arguments, inferences and predictions.
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		PREDIC	TION (2e)		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
					Present ideas in role as an expert authority e.g. debate
					·
					ideas, arguments, inferences and predictions.
					Use clear quotations and textual references to support
				role play such as hot seating	
				characters' feelings, thoughts, actions and motives through	Explain the underlying theme in poetry
				Explore contrasting	
		understanding of a text		may have chosen to do this.	present differences of opinion
		Ask questions to improve their	understanding of a text	reasons for why the author	Draw reasoned conclusions from non-fiction texts which
		TEXT.	Ask questions to improve their	non-fiction texts and can offer	basea on man ect clues.
		views with evidence from the text.	through expression	Identify conventions across	texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues.
		their actions, supporting their	Develop appropriate empathy	wider knowledge / experiences.	change and develop through
		characters' feelings, thoughts and motives that justifies	such as hot seating	on and justifying views, using additional evidence & linking to	To discuss how characters
		To draw inferences from	and feelings through role play	Clarify thinking by elaborating	and opinion.
		such as hot seating	Explore characters' actions	and opinion.	Can distinguish between fact
		and feelings through role play	between characters.	Can distinguish between fact	deductions.
	techniques	Explore characters' actions	view and identify relationships	dedderions.	make inferences and
	notes from one character to another or other drama	texts.	Understand and explain different characters' point of	make inferences and deductions.	texts and to what they have read in previous sections, to
	character e.g. speech bubbles,	and to knowledge of similar		read in previous sections, to	experience), knowledge of
	Take on the role of a	prior knowledge & experience	relationships	texts and to what they have	they know (prior knowledge &
		Link what they are reading to	appearance, actions &	experience), knowledge of	Link what they read to what

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To predict what might happen	To predict what might happen	To justify predictions using	To justify predictions from	To make predictions based on	Use clear quotations and
on the basis of what has been	on the basis of what has been	evidence from the text.	details stated and implied.	details stated and implied,	textual references to support
read so far	read so far in a text.			justifying them in detail with	ideas, arguments, inferences
		Indicate the strength or	Predict what might happen	evidence from the text.	and predictions.
Predicts events and endings	Make predictions using	likelihood of their predictions	from details stated or implied		
	knowledge of characters, plot	being correct.		Make regular and increasingly	Provide reasoned justifications
Make predictions based on	and language.		Make predictions about a text	plausible predictions as reading	for their predicted views.
clues such as pictures,		Predict what might happen	based on prior knowledge of	progresses through a text,	
illustrations and titles.	Use immediate clues and what	from details stated or implied	the topic, event or type of	modifying ideas as they go.	Make predictions using details
	has been read already to make		text and modify predictions as		which are stated and/or
	predictions about what is going	Update and modify predictions	more reading is completed.	Recognise which character the	implied in the text
	to happen or what they will	about the events, characters		writer wants the reader to like	
	find out.	or ideas in a text on a regular		or dislike	Make plausible predictions and
		basis throughout reading.			explain what these are being
					based on.

	EXPLAIN	ING CONTENT	TEXT STRUCT	FURE (2f)	
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Understand and use correctly, terms referring to conventions of print: book, cover,	Read non-fiction texts that are structured in different ways	Read fiction and non-fiction texts that are structured in different ways	Read fiction and non-fiction texts that are structured in different ways	Read fiction and non-fiction texts that are structured in different ways	Read fiction and non-fiction texts that are structured in different ways
beginning, end, page, word, letter, line Identify the title, blurb and	Begin to identify and name a range of common organisers in non-fiction texts e.g. contents,	Name and describe the functions of a range of common organisers in non-fiction texts	Name, use and describe the function of a wider range of common organisers in non-	Identify structural organisers and make comparisons within and across books	Identify structural organisers and make comparisons within and across books
author or a story or non- fiction book	headings, index, glossary Recognise and describe some	(those in Y2 plus sub-headings and diagrams)	fiction texts (those in Y2/Y3 plus captions, labels, bibliography)	Explain why the author has chosen to structure/present	Discuss the effectiveness of different
Discuss the significance of the title	typical features, similarities and differences between fiction and non-fiction texts	Use a range of structural organisers (see previous point) to retrieve information from	Use a range of structural organisers (see previous point) to retrieve information from	the text in particular ways or use a particular structural organiser	structures/presentations of fiction and non-fiction
Recognise some typical characters and settings of fairy stories and traditional tales	Describe the overall structure of a story	non-fiction texts Recognise and name some different forms of poetry	non-fiction texts Recognise and describe the	Identify, compare and contrast the features of a range of poetry, non-fiction and fiction	Identify, compare and contrast the features of a range of fiction genres
Understand the difference between fiction	Recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry	Understand how writers use paragraphs and chapters to	typical features of a wider range of forms of poetry	genres Explain how language,	Recognise main ideas within paragraphs in age appropriate books
Begin to describe the overall structure of a story		group related ideas	Recognise and describe some features of fiction genres Refer to parts of stories and	structure and presentation contribute to the meaning of the text and are appropriate to the intended audience (and	Explain how language, structure and presentation contribute to the meaning of
Can point to capital letters, full stops, question marks and			poems when speaking about a text using terms such as	justify this)	the text
exclamation marks and say why a writer has used them.			chapter, scene and stanza		Explore viewpoint of text and how this influences the reader's view of events
	A	UTHOR'S USE O	FLANGUAGE (2	eg)	
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Discuss word meaning and link	Discuss and clarify the	Discuss authors' choice of	Explain why the author has	Compare the impact of	Compare the impact of
new meanings to those already	meanings of words, linking new	words and phrases for effect	used a particular word or	different language devices	language devices across texts
known	meanings to known vocabulary.	e.g. adjectives and expressive	phrase	within a text	
- I II 66 1 6 11		verbs that capture the		S. 1	Consider the impact on the
Explore the effect of patterns	Speculate why an author might	reader's interest and	Identify words and phrases	Discuss how authors use	reader of a range of
of language and repeated words and phrases	have chosen a particular word and the effect they were wanting to achieve - e.g. by	imagination. Begin to identify where	that intrigue and explain how it affects the reader e.g. creating moods, arouse	figurative language and the impact of these on the reader (similes, metaphors, idiomatic	vocabulary and language devices
	considering alternative synonyms that might have been	language is used to create mood, build tension or create a	expectations, build tension	language)	Appreciate and explain how a set of sentences have been
	used.	picture	Discuss vocabulary used to capture readers' interest and imagination	Identify and explain subject specific language and how it helps the reader to understand	arranged to create maximum effect.

the text.

			Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning. Identify clues which suggest that poems are new or old e.g. archaic language	Evaluate the use of authors' language and explain how it has created an impact on the reader - to persuade, to entice etc.	Analyse and evaluate the use of language, including figurative language and how it is used for effect, using technical terminology such as metaphor, simile, analogy, imagery, style and effect. Identify and explain idiomatic phrases, expressions and comparisons met in texts
		COMPARI	ISONS (2h)		
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
To listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, non-fiction and poetry at a level beyond that at which they can read independently. To link what is read to own experiences Discuss and compare events or topics that have been read or listened to.	Participate in discussion about books, poems and other words that are read to them - at a level above their own and those that can be read themselves, explaining and expressing views. Identify, collect and compare common themes in stories and poems. Make comparisons of characters and events in narratives. Make choices between texts giving simple reasons for the differences	Compare and contrast features of stories read Recognise similarities and difference between texts, e.g. plot, topic, index, glossary, captions Compare and contrast writing by the same author. Recognise some different forms of poetry	Recognise some different forms of poetry and describe their features (e.g. ballads, limericks) Identify and discuss some themes and conventions in ageappropriate texts (e.g. triumph of good over evil) Collect information to compare and contrast events, characters or ideas. Compare and contrast books and poems on the similar themes.	Draw on knowledge of other books to compare and contrast Compare texts based on different criteria, e.g. comparing characters, considering viewpoints of authors Compare the way that ideas or themes are presented in different texts or in different versions (including in other media, e.g. film) of the same text. Make comparisons within and across books	Make comparisons within texts and across different texts giving examples to support opinions, e.g. characters, plot, genre, conventions, themes Discuss themes and conventions across a wide range of writing, e.g. isolation, flashback in narrative Explain major differences between text types Make comparisons and draw contrasts between different elements of a text and across texts. Compare and contrast the work of a single author. Investigate different versions of the same story or different books on the same topic, identifying similarities and differences.

K Rowley July 2021